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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/924,652	08/08/2001	Larry G. Felix	A-69489/AJT	5519
7:	590 06/19/2002			
FLEHR HOHBACH TEST ALBRITTON & HERBERT LLP			EXAMINER	
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ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

2856

DATE MAILED: 06/19/2002

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application N .	Applicant(s)			
,		09/924,652	FELIX ET AL.			
· Office Action Summary		Examin r	Art Unit			
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Robert R. Raevis	2856			
The MAI	LING DATE of this communication app					
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status						
1)⊠ Respons	1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>17 May 2002</u> .					
2a)☐ This acti	on is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Thi	is action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims						
•	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-24</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>See Continuation Sheet</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s)						
6)⊠ Claim(s)	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>See Continuation Sheet</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s)	is/are objected to.					
	are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.				
Application Paper						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner. If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.						
15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment(s)						
	ces Cited (PTO-892) erson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) osure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) <u>5</u>	5) Notice of Informal I	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)			

Continuation Sheet (PTO-326)

Continuation of Disposition of Claims: Claims withdrawn from consideration are 8, 22, 17, 21/17, 18, 21/18, 23/18, 24/18, 19, 23/19, 24/19.

Continuation of Disposition of Claims: Claims rejected are 1, 3/1, 10/1, 2, 3/1, 9, 10/2, 4-7, 11-14, 20/14, 21/14, 15, 20/15, 21/15, 16, 20/16, 21/16.

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Election of figures 1-3 is acknowledged. In view of the art of record, the election regarding the "beryllium oxide/ceramic substrate" is withdrawn.

- 2. The drawings are objected to because "line 3-3" (of page 4, line 9) is not in Figure 1. A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.
- 3. The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the "zig-zag" (of claim 24) must be shown or the feature(s) canceled from the claim(s). No new matter should be entered.

A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1, 3/1, 4-7, 14, 20/14, 21/14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rohrback 771'.

Rohrback teaches every limitation of claim 1, but does not call the probe a "coupon" and does not appear to refer to "rates" in the written specification.



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As to claims 1, 3/1, 14; Rohrback's device may be coined a coupon as its structure physically varies in an environment for testing and is detachable as is a coupon. Also, as the term "rate" is in the claim's preamble, it does not appear to be a material limitation in this apparatus claim, but I anycase, it is known to determine rates of corrosion, suggestive of making two measurements with Rohrback over a known time period.

As to claims 4, 5, 6, 7, 20/14, 21/14; Rohrbacks's call for any non-conductive substrate (col. 3, lines 17-20) is suggestive of any such material.

6. Claims 2, 3/2, 9 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rohrback '771 as applied to claims 1 and 14 above, and further in view of Rohrback '348.

As to claims 2, 3/2, 9; Rohrback's '348 resistors 32 and 33 are dimensionally similar, suggestive of use of similar size resistors in Rohrback '771.

7. Claims 11 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rohrback '771 in view of Schmidt.

Comments that exist above apply here. Also, as to claims 11 and 12; it would have been obvious to pass a current though both resistors 11, 12 of Rohrback '771 because Schmidt (clearly) teaches use a generator 8 to pass the same current though resistors to monitor corrosion.

8. Claim 13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rohrback '771 in view of Schmidt as applied to claim 11 above, and further in view of Rohrback '348.

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As to claim 13; Rohrback's '348 resistors 32 and 33 are dimensionally similar, suggestive of use of similar size resistors in Rohrback '771.

9. Claims 10/1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rohrback '771 as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Caldecourt.

As to claim 10/1; it would have been obvious to employ both sides of Rohrback's substrate because Caldecourt teaches positioning resistors on opposite sides of a substrate resulting in a smaller sensor.

10. Claims 10/2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rohrback '771 in view of Rohrback '348 as applied to claim 2 above, and further in view of Caldecourt.

As to claim 10/2; it would have been obvious to employ both sides of Rohrback's substrate because Caldecourt teaches positioning resistors on opposite sides of a substrate resulting in a smaller sensor.

11. Claims 15, 20/15, 21/15, 16, 20/16 and 21/16 are rejected under 35
U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rohrback '771 as applied to claim 14 above, and further in view of Caldecourt.

As to claims 15, 20/15, 21/15; 16, 20/16 and 21/16; it would have been obvious to employ both sides of Rohrback's substrate because Caldecourt teaches positioning resistors on opposite sides of a substrate resulting in a smaller sensor.

12. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Robert R. Raevis whose telephone number is 703-305-4919. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday from 6:30am to

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4:00pm. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-308-7722.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-305-4900.

ROVA-AJ2856